

Scrum vs. Kanban

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1. Introductions and Expectations

2. Scrum vs. Kanban: Which Works Best Where?

- a) Scrum and Kanban Survey 1
- b) Why Use Agile?
- c) Scrum
- d) Kanban
- e) Scrum Vs. Kanban Similarities and Differences
- f) Scrum / Kanban Surveys 2 and 3
- 3. Summary / Q&A



Your Expectations

What are your expectations from this webinar?

Why are you here today?

SCRUM VS KANBAN

About Me



Helping organizations turn their project management capability into a *competitive advantage*

RefineM

NK Shrivastava, PMP, RMP, ACP, CSP, SPC4

- CEO/Enterprise Agile Coach since Dec 2011
 - Agile Transformation
 ✓ Enterprise Agile Coach @ IBM
 - Project Management/Process Improvement Consulting and Training
 - - ✓ PMP Exam Simulator

https://refinem.com/pmp-exam-prep-practice-test/

✓ Agility Assessment Tool

https://agility.refinem.com/

✓ Videos – PMP & Agile

https://vimeo.com/search?q=RefineM

- 20+ years of successful project leadership
 - Successfully led hundreds of projects of all sizes
 - Recovered many projection saved millions of dollarsOCTOBER 2019
 - Coached/mentored hundreds of PMs and executives
 - Board member of SWMO PMI Chapter (2008-2014)



Scrum and Kanban – Survey 1

• Which of the following best describes your Scrum and Kanban experience?

1. I mostly use Scrum with no or very little Kanban

- 2. I mostly use Kanban with no or very little Scrum
- 3. I use both Scrum and Kanban
- 4. I do not use either Scrum or Kanban
- 5. I don't know what you are talking about

• Take the survey – 1 minute



Sprint Planning

Why Use Agile?



Agile Means Faster Growth & More Money

- Agile companies grow revenue 37% faster
- Agile companies generate 30% higher profit

Organizational agility aids business success



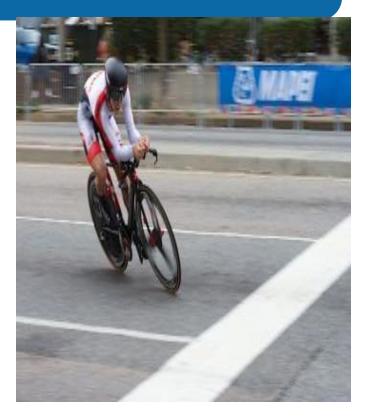
Source: http://www.pmi.org/-/media/pmi/documents/public/pdf/white-papers/org-agility-where-speed-meets-strategy.pdf/



Agile Benefit - Speed

- Faster delivery / time to market
 - Working potentially shippable increments created faster
 - ✓ Highest-value items created first
 - \checkmark Iterative cycle allows for early stoppage

Faster project delivery, more relevant product





Agile Benefit - Adaptability

- More adaptability to changes
 - Backlog can be reprioritized based on changing needs
 - ✓ Backlog and iterations allow for adjustments
 - Customer involvement puts everyone on same page

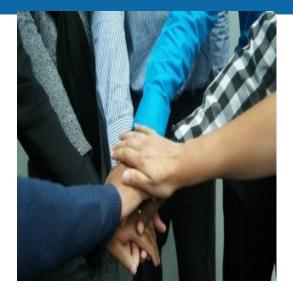
Project remains relevant in changing environment





Agile Benefit – Empowerment & Learning

- Greater team learning, cohesion
 ✓ Teams are empowered to self-manage
 - ✓ They learn with each iteration
 - ✓ Retrospective makes learning actionable on current project



Teams develop quickly, perform at high level



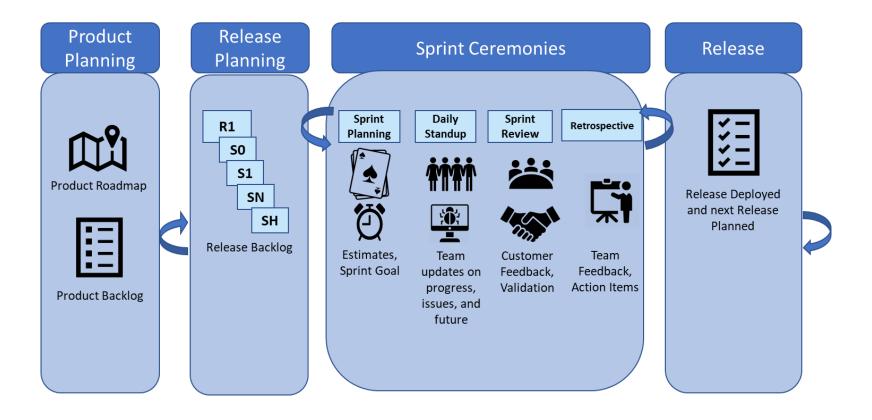


- 1. Iterative
- 2. Customer Focused, and
- 3. Data Driven





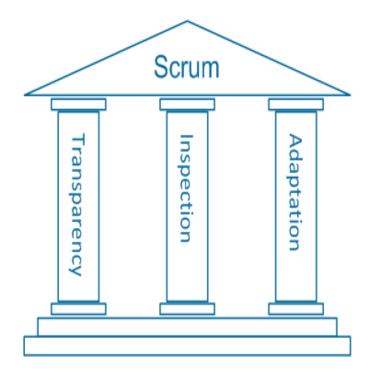






Scrum is an iterative and incremental agile software development framework that focuses on delivering the highest business value in the shortest time.

- ✓ It has been around since early 1990s.
- ✓ Its primary champions and creators were Ken Schwaber and Jeff Sutherland.
- ✓ It is built upon the three pillars of Transparency, Inspection and Adaptation.
- ✓ It is a highly iterative methodology.
- ✓ While things may repeat, that does not mean that they are identical each time. Rather, the team makes small improvements and changes throughout the project life cycle.





- **1. Courage** Team members are empowered to do the right thing
- 2. Commitment Team members personally commit to achieve Scrum team's goals
- **3. Openness** The team will be transparent regarding the work and issues/barriers
- **4. Focus** Everyone concentrates on the team's work and goals
- 5. **Respect** Everyone treats each other as empowered, independent people



- 1. Product Planning
- 2. Release Planning
- 3. Sprint Planning
- 4. Daily Standup
- 5. Sprint Review
- 6. Retrospective
- 7. Backlog Grooming / Refinement







What is the Kanban method?

 The Kanban Method is a set of principles and practices that are applied to an *existing process/flow* and help visualize it as well as the work done using the flow.

Adapted from Kanban: Successful Evolutionary Change for Your Technology Business by David J. Anderson, Blue Hole Press Inc. Copyright © 2010 by David J. Anderson



Kanban Principles

The three change management principles of Kanban are:

- 1. Start with what you do now
 - ✓ Understanding current processes, as actually practiced
 - ✓ Respecting existing roles, responsibilities, and job titles
- 2. Agree to pursue improvement through evolutionary change
- 3. Encourage acts of leadership at every level, from individual contributor to senior management

Adapted from <u>Essential Kanban – Condensed Guide</u> by David J. Anderson and Andy Carmichael. Copyright © 2015 by Lean Kanban Inc. All Rights Reserved.



Kanban Principles

- The three service delivery principles of Kanban are
 - 1. Understand and focus on your customers' needs and expectations
 - 2. Manage the work; let people self-organize around it
 - 3. Your organization is an ecosystem of interdependent services, steered by its policies; reflect regularly on their effectiveness and improve them.

Adapted from <u>Essential Kanban – Condensed Guide</u> by David J. Anderson and Andy Carmichael. Copyright © 2015 by Lean Kanban Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Key Kanban Practices

- 1. Visualize
- 2. Limit WIP
- 3. Manage flow
- 4. Make policies explicit
- 5. Implement feedback loops
- 6. Improve collaboratively, evolve experimentally

(using models and the scientific method)





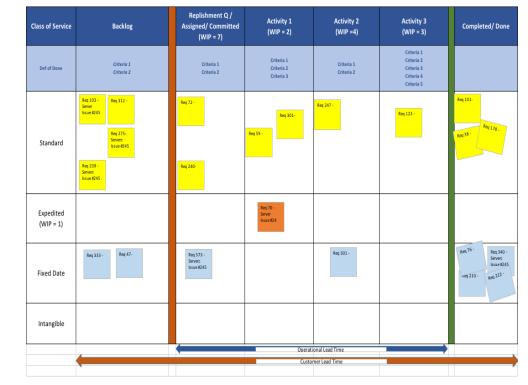
Kanban in Action

• Rules

- 1. Visualize the workflow
- 2. Limit Work in Progress (WIP)
- 3. Measure and Optimize the flow
- Tools: Kanban Board

Activities

- 1. Move items through the states
- 2. Identify and resolve bottlenecks

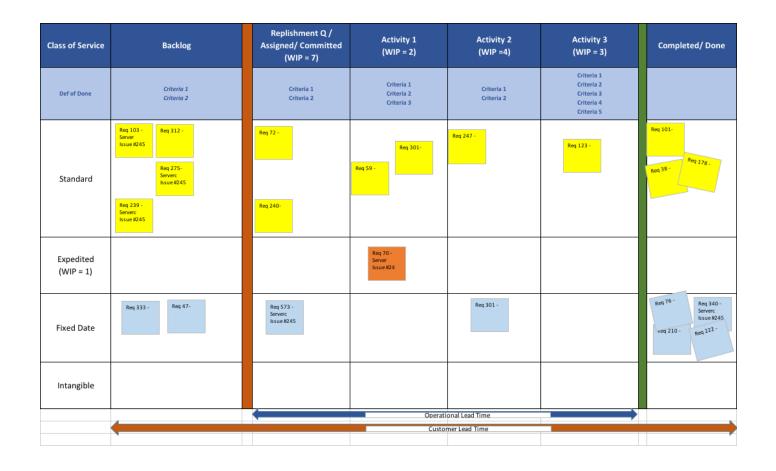


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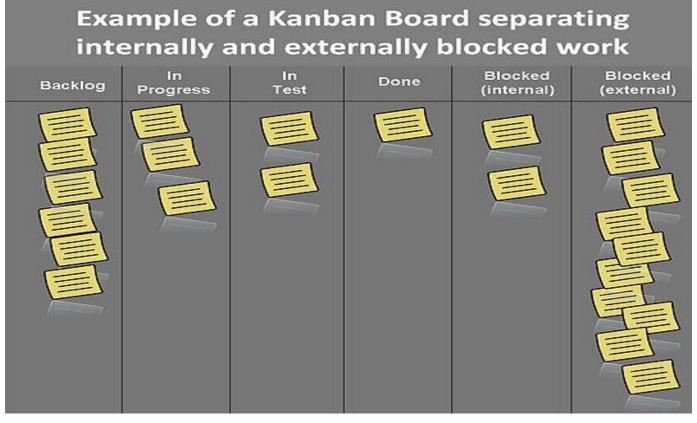


Kanban Board



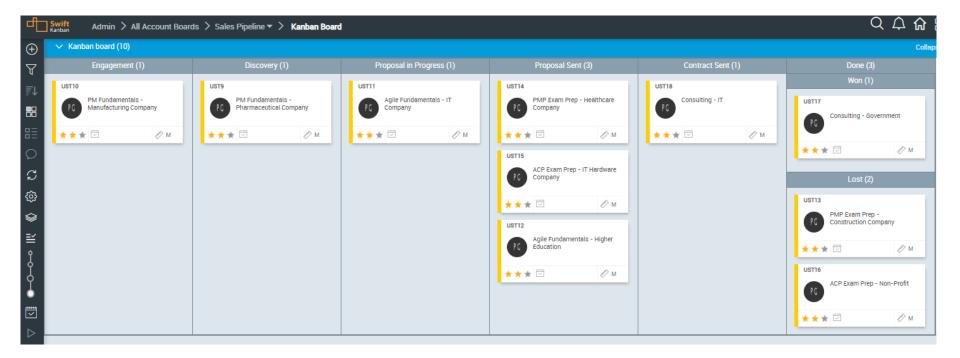
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Kanban Board - Example





Kanban Board - Example





Scrum Vs. Kanban Similarities and Differences



Similarities

- 1. Both are Agile
- 2. Both use Pull Scheduling
- 3. Both limit WIP
- 4. Both use visibility to drive process improvement
- 5. Both focus on delivering potentially shippable increments early and often
- 6. Both are based on self-organizing teams
- 7. Both require breaking work into pieces
- 8. Both optimize release plan based on empirical data (velocity/cycle time)





Differences

SCRUM:

- 1. Time-boxed iterations
- 2. Velocity is the default metric
- 3. Items must be doable in one sprint
- 4. Burndown chart is prescribed
- 5. WIP limited for the Sprint (Velocity)
- 6. Cannot add items to ongoing iteration
- 7. One team owns their sprint backlog
- 8. Prescribes 3 roles (PO/SM/Team)
- 9. A scrum board is reset between sprints

KANBAN:

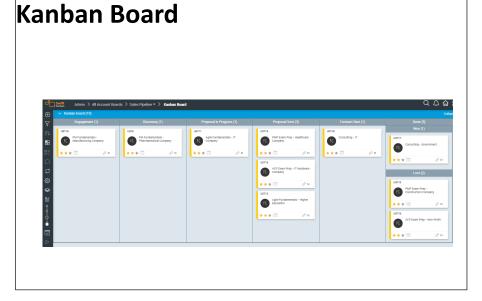
- 1. Typically not time-boxed
- 2. Cycle time is the default metric
- 3. No item size limit (smaller is better)
- 4. No diagrams are prescribed
- 5. WIP is limited per workflow state
- 6. New items can be added any time
- 7. Multiple teams/individuals share a Kanban board
- 8. Doesn't prescribe any roles
- 9. A Kanban board is ongoing



Task Board vs. Kanban Board

Task Board

| To-Do | | Doing | | Done … |
|--------------------|---|--------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Task 7 | | Task 5 | | Task 4 |
| + Add another card | 0 | Task 6 | | Task 3 |
| | | + Add another card | 9 | Task 2 |
| | | | | Task 1 |
| | | | | Enter a title for this card |
| | | | | |
| | | | | Add Card 🗙 🚥 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |



Kanban Board is *flow-based*



Scrum and Kanban – Survey 2

• Where is Scrum Best Fit?

- 1. Software / Product Development
- 2. Software Maintenance
- 3. IT Infrastructure
- 4. Operations / Ongoing Work (such as Sales, Purchasing, HR, Helpdesk)
- 5. Everywhere

• Take the survey – 1 minute

Scrum and Kanban – Survey 3

• Where is Kanban Best Fit?

- 1. Software / Product Development
- 2. Software Maintenance
- 3. IT Infrastructure
- 4. Operations / Ongoing Work (such as Sales, Purchasing, HR, Helpdesk)
- 5. Everywhere

• Take the survey – 1 minute



Sprint Plann₃₁g

Where Scrum & Where Kanban?

| Where Scrum? | Where Kanban? | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Product development work | Operational work | | |
| Where inflow of work can be controlled | Where inflow of work is unpredictable | | |
| Priority changes can wait for 1-2 weeks | Priority changes multiple times a day | | |
| Estimation is of work items is doable | Estimation is not realistic | | |



Conclusion

- * Scrum is suited well for product development, helping teams deliver value early and continuously.
- * Kanban is suited well for operational work,

reducing lead time and increasing throughput and quality.

Both are Agile and will help your team/organization improve business results and customer satisfaction



Questions?

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- Download the slide deck: http://bit.ly/scrum-kanban-feb20

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